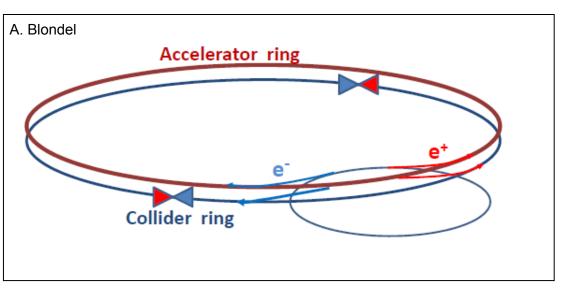
## **TLEP White Paper: Executive Summary**

- TLEP: A first step in a long-term vision for particle physics
  - In the context of a global project



**CERN** implementation



J. Osborne and C. Waajer

- See Design Study Proposal at
  - http://tlep.web.cern.ch/
- Most recent workshop 4-5 April 2013 (CERN)
   https://indico.cern.ch/conferenceDisplay.py?ovw=True&confld=240814
- Next workshop 25-26 July 2013 (FNAL)

### **Scientific Motivation**

#### Today's situation

A (very) Standard Higgs boson

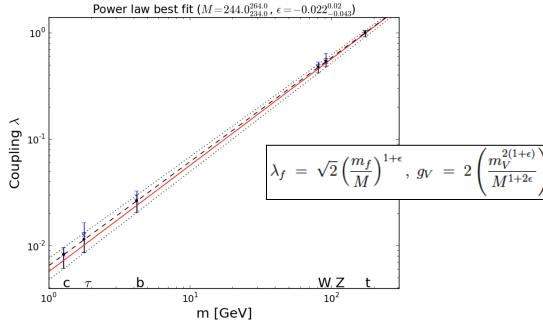
Best Fit Predictions  $h \to \gamma \gamma$   $h \to ZZ$   $h \to WW$   $h \to gg$   $h \to \mu \mu$   $h \to \tau \tau$   $h \to bb$  \*\* CMSSM high mass CMSSM low mass NUHM1 SM unc. Higgs WG

-20 0

 $(BR-BR_{SM})/BR_{SM}(\%)$ 

World average Ellis & You

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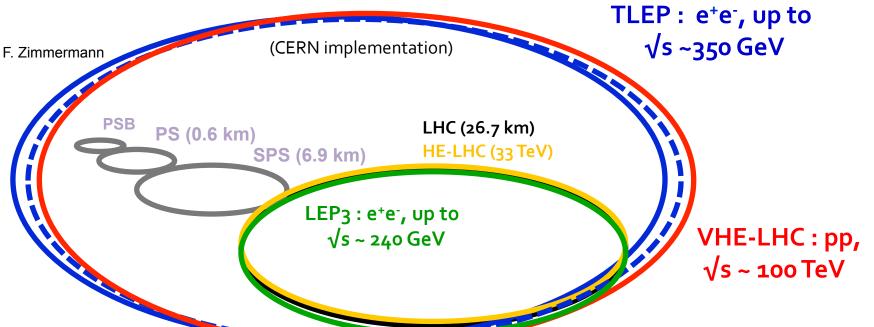


- No new physics all the way to several 100's GeV (SUSY) or more
  - Next run at 14 TeV will extend the coverage to ~500 GeV (SUSY) or more
    - Very strong incentive to look for multi-TeV new Physics
    - **→** Linear Colliders with  $\sqrt{s} = o(\text{TeV})$  do not cover this Physics case

What else, then?

### What next?

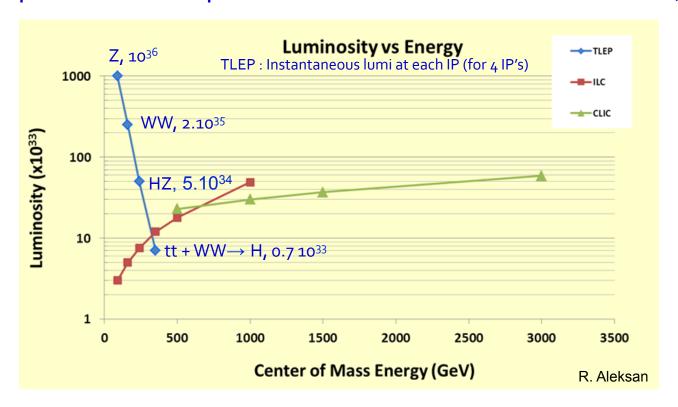
Build a new 80-100 km circular tunnel :



- TLEP Physics case: Precision measurements sensitive to multi-TeV New Physics
  - TeraZ ( $\sqrt{s}$ ~m<sub>Z</sub>), MegaW ( $\sqrt{s}$ ~2m<sub>W</sub>), Higgs Factory ( $\sqrt{s}$ ~240 GeV), top ( $\sqrt{s}$ ~350 GeV)
    - ➡ With luminosity 20-1000 × larger than projects of similar timescale and cost
- Followed by VHE-LHC: Direct search for New Physics in the 10-100 TeV range
  - √s ~ 100 TeV with 20T magnets
    - → Also allows the HHH coupling to be measured to a few %

# Luminosity at TLEP (1)

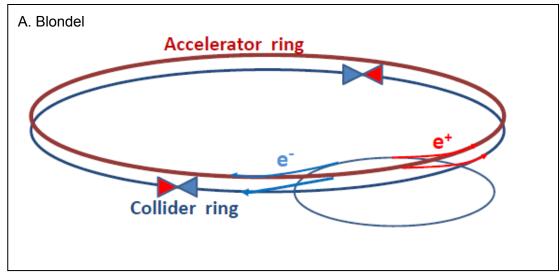
- Luminosity increases when √s decreases at circular colliders
  - By optimal use of the RF power to collide more bunches when SR decreases (1/E4)



- And circular colliders can have multiple IP's
  - e.g., four detectors at LEP: multiply integrated luminosity by a factor four
- Ultimate precision measurements are therefore made possible at circular colliders

# Luminosity at TLEP (2)

- $\Box$  Luminosity achieved by reducing the vertical  $\beta*$ 
  - From 5 cm (LEP2) to 1 mm (TLEP)
    - Note: 0.3 mm soon to be realized at SuperKEKB
  - Vertical beam size ~ 200 nm
    - Note: 1 to 5 nm for Linear Colliders
      - ➡ Hence negligible Beamstrahlung for Physics, beam energy well known
- At these luminosities, beam lifetime ~ 15 minutes (Bhabha scattering)
  - Solution: continuous top-up injection, as at PEP-II
    - Note: Soon to be realized at Super-KEKB, beam lifetime ~ 5 minutes



# **Challenges (A subset)**

#### Beamstrahlung

- Radiating e<sup>±</sup> pushed outside the acceptance
  - Reduces the beam lifetime significantly
- Need to design an achromatic optics at the IPs
  - with 2-3% momentum acceptance

#### Efficient RF system

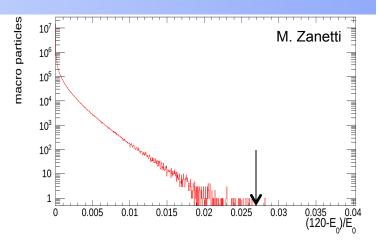
- Need 12 GeV/turn at 350 GeV
  - ~900 m of SC RF cavities @ 20 MV/m
    - ▶ LEP2 had 600 m at 7 MV/m
- ◆ Very high power: up to 200 kW / cavity in the collider ring
  - Power couplers similar to ESS 700-800 MHz preferred

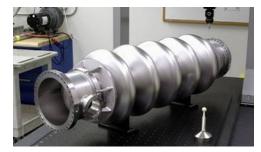
#### Small vertical emittance

- Can further reduce beamstrahlung by minimizing  $\varepsilon_{\rm v}/\varepsilon_{\rm x}$ 
  - Aim is to reach 0.1% (LEP2 had 0.4%)

#### Operation at the Z pole

- ◆ 2625 bunches : e+ source, impedance effects, parasitic collisions
  - May need two rings designed to separate e<sup>+</sup> and e<sup>-</sup> beams





BNL 5-cell 700 MHz cavity



RF Coupler (ESS/SPL)

### Physics case as a Higgs Factory (1)

#### □ Number of Higgs bosons produced at $\sqrt{s}$ = 240-250 GeV

	ILC-250 LEP3-240		TLEP-240	
Lumi / IP / 5 years	250 fb <sup>-1</sup>	500 fb <sup>−1</sup>	2.5 ab <sup>-1</sup>	
# IP	1	2 - 4	2 - 4	
Lumi / 5 years	250 fb <sup>−1</sup>	1 - 2 ab <sup>-1</sup>	5 - 10 ab <sup>-1</sup>	
Beam Polarization	80%, 30%	1	_	
<b>L</b> <sub>0.01</sub> (beamstrahlung)	86%	100%	100%	
Number of Higgs	70,000	400,000	2,000,000	
Upgradeable to	ILC 1TeV CLIC 3TeV?	HE-LHC 33 TeV	VHE-LHC 100 TeV	

- In a given amount of time, Higgs coupling precisions scale like
  - e.g., for  $g_{HZZ}$ : 1.5% for ILC: 0.65% for LEP3: 0.2% for TLEP

### Physics case as a Higgs Factory (2)

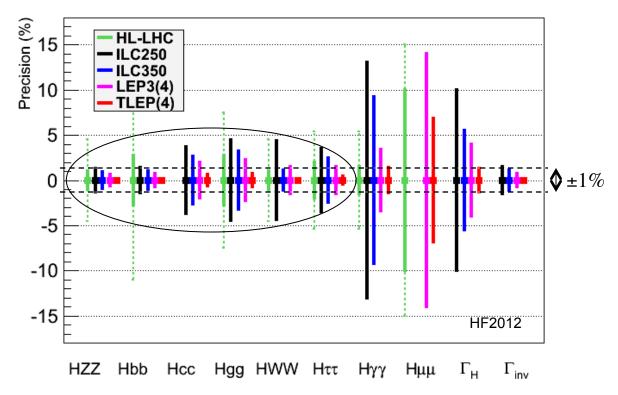
# Summary of the ICFA Higgs Factory Workshop (FNAL, Nov. 2012)

Accelerator →	LHC	HL-LHC	LC	Full ILC	CLIC	I EP3, 4 IP	TLEP, 4 IP
Physical Quantity	300 fb <sup>-1</sup> /expt	3000 fb <sup>-1</sup> /expt	250 GeV 250 fb <sup>-1</sup>	250+350+ 1000 GeV	350 GeV (500 fb <sup>-1</sup> ) 500 GeV (500 fb <sup>-1</sup> ) 1.4 TeV (2 ab <sup>-1</sup> )	240 GeV 2 ab <sup>-1</sup> (*)	240 GeV 10 ab <sup>-1</sup> 5 yrs (*)
			5 yrs	5yrs each	5 yrs each	5 yrs	350 GeV 1.4 ab <sup>-1</sup> 3 yrs (*)
$N_{\mathrm{H}}$	$1.7\times10^7$	$1.7 \times 10^{8}$	$6 \times 10^4 \text{ZH}$	$10^5 \text{ ZH}$ $1.4 \times 10^5 \text{ Hvv}$		$4 \times 10^5 \text{ZH}$	$2 \times 10^6  \text{ZH}$
m <sub>H</sub> (MeV)	100	50	35	35	~70	26	7
$\Delta\Gamma_{ m H}$ / $\Gamma_{ m H}$			10%	3%	6%	4%	1.3%
$\Delta\Gamma_{ m inv}$ / $\Gamma_{ m H}$	Indirect (30%?)	Indirect (10%?)	1.5%	1.0%		0.35%	0.15%
$\Delta g_{ m H\gamma\gamma}$ / $g_{ m H\gamma\gamma}$	6.5 - 5.1%	5.4 - 1.5%		5%	N/A	3.4%	1.4%
$\Delta g_{ m Hgg}$ / $g_{ m Hgg}$	11 - 5.7%	7.5 - 2.7%	4.5%	2.5%	N/A	2.2%	0.7%
$\Delta g_{ m Hww}$ / $g_{ m Hww}$	5.7 - 2.7%	4.5 - 1.0%	4.3%	1%	1%	1.5%	0.25%
$\Delta g_{ m HZZ}$ / $g_{ m HZZ}$	5.7 - 2.7%	4.5 - 1.0%	1.3%	1.5%	1%	0.65%	0.2%
$\Delta g_{ m HHH}$ / $g_{ m HHH}$		< 30% (2 expts)		~30%	~20%		
$\Delta g_{ m H\mu\mu}$ / $g_{ m H\mu\mu}$	< 30%	< 10%			15%	14%	7%
$\Delta g_{ ext{H} au au}$ / $g_{ ext{H} au au}$	8.5 - 5.1%	5.4 - 2.0%	3.5%	2.5%	3%	1.5%	0.4%
$\Delta g_{ m Hcc}$ / $g_{ m Hcc}$			.7%	2%	4%	2.0%	0.65%
$\Delta g_{ m Hbb}$ / $g_{ m Hbb}$	15 – 6.9%	11 —2.7%	1.1%	1%	2%	0.7%	0.22%
$\Delta g_{ m Htt}$ / $g_{ m Htt}$	11 – 8.7%	8.0 – 3.9 %		15%	3%		30%

Best precision

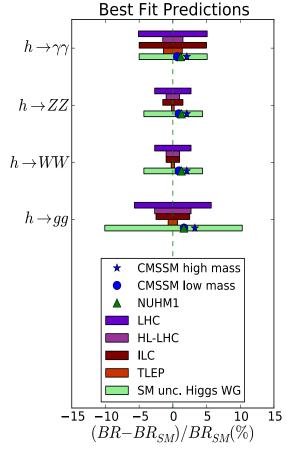
# Physics case as a Higgs Factory (3)

- Need sub-percent precision for a sensitivity to multi-TEV New Physics
  - Compare (LHC), HL-LHC, ILC, (LEP<sub>3</sub>), TLEP





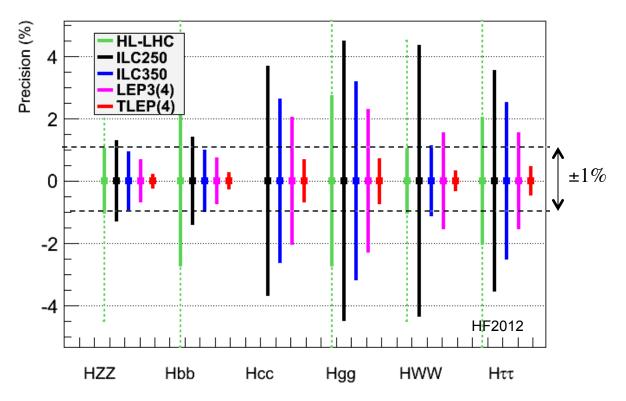
Much theoretical work also needed

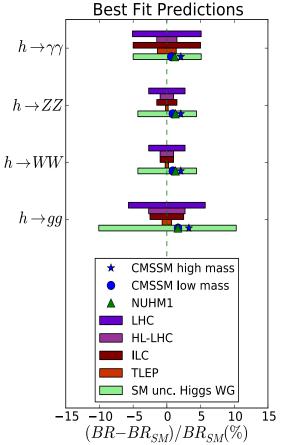


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# Physics case as a Higgs Factory (3)

- Need sub-percent precision for a sensitivity to multi-TEV New Physics
  - Compare (LHC), HL-LHC, ILC, (LEP<sub>3</sub>), TLEP





- Summary: TLEP reaches the needed accuracy
  - Much theoretical work also needed

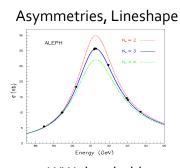
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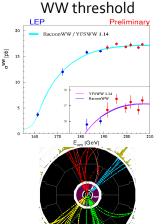
# Impact of TeraZ and MegaW (1)

#### Revisit and improve the LEP precision measurements

◆ TLEP can do the entire LEP1 physics programme in 5 minutes

	LEP	ILC	LEP <sub>3</sub>	TLEP
√s ~ m <sub>Z</sub>	MegaZ	GigaZ	~TeraZ	TeraZ
Lumi (cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ) #Z / year Polarization vs LEP1	Few 10 <sup>31</sup> 2X10 <sup>7</sup> no <b>1</b>	Few 10 <sup>33</sup> Few 10 <sup>9</sup> easy ~5-10	Few 10 <sup>35</sup> Few 10 <sup>11</sup> yes (T, L) ~50	10 <sup>36</sup> 10 <sup>12</sup> yes (T,L) ~100
√s ~ 2m <sub>W</sub>				
Lumi (cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ) Lumi / IP / year Error on m <sub>W</sub>	Few 10 <sup>31</sup> 10 pb <sup>-1</sup> 220 <b>MeV</b>	Few 10 <sup>33</sup> 50 fb <sup>-1</sup> <b>7 MeV</b>	5x10 <sup>34</sup> 500 fb <sup>-1</sup> <b>0.7 MeV</b>	2.5x10 <sup>35</sup> 2.5 ab <sup>-1</sup> <b>0.4 MeV</b>
√s ~ 200-250 GeV				
Lumi (cm <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ) Lumi / IP / 5 years Error on m <sub>W</sub>	10 <sup>32</sup> 500 pb <sup>-1</sup> 33 MeV	5×10 <sup>33</sup> 250 fb <sup>-1</sup> 3 MeV	10 <sup>34</sup> 500 fb <sup>-1</sup> 1 MeV	5X10 <sup>34</sup> 2.5 ab <sup>-1</sup> <b>0.4 MeV</b>

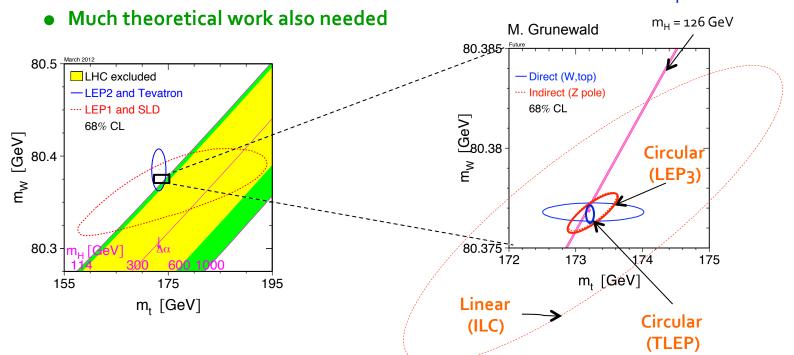




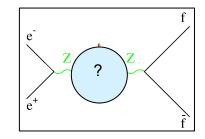
- Important : Polarization up to the WW threshold with TLEP
  - Very precise beam energy determination (10 keV): unique to circular colliders
    - → Measure  $m_Z$ ,  $\Gamma_Z$  to < 0.1 MeV,  $m_W$  to < 1 MeV,  $\sin^2\theta_W$  to 2.10<sup>-6</sup> from  $A_{LR}$

# Impact of TeraZ and MegaW (2)

- Case 1 : Only SM physics in EW Radiative Corrections Stringent SM Closure test
  - Set stringent limits on weakly interacting new physics (m<sub>H</sub>, m<sub>W</sub> and m<sub>top</sub> known)



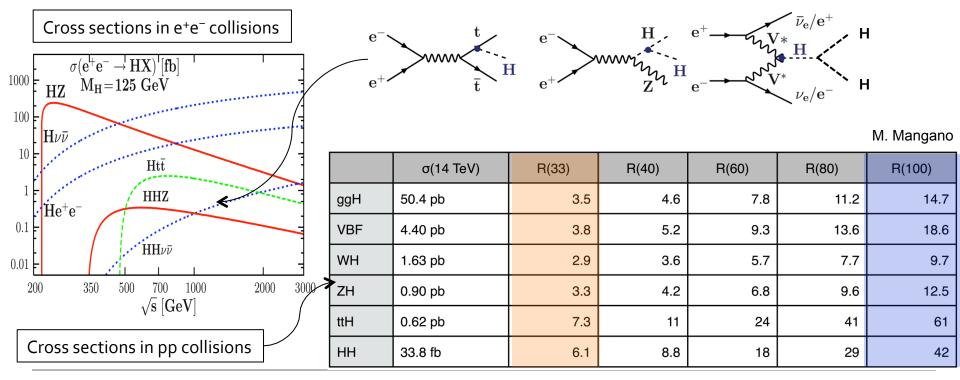
- Case 2 : Some weakly interacting new physics in the loops ?
  - Will cause inconsistency between the various observables
    - Become sensitive to multi-TeV WINP
      - LEP1 was sensitive to ~ 200 GeV (m<sub>top</sub>)



### Physics case of the energy upgrades (1)

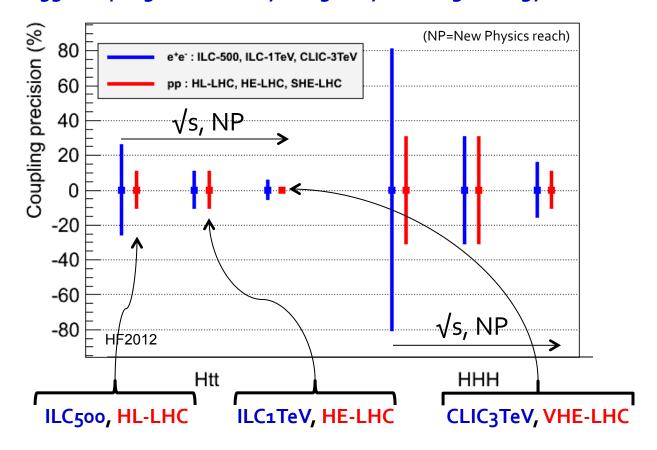
### All existing proposals have access to larger √s

- To discover New Physics in a direct manner
- ◆ To measure more difficult Higgs couplings : g<sub>Htt</sub> and g<sub>HHH</sub>
  - ILC350 can be upgraded to ILC500/ILC1TeV, or even to CLIC (3 TeV) [?]
  - LEP3 can be upgraded to (or preceded by) HE-LHC (33 TeV)
  - TLEP can be upgraded to VHE-LHC (100 TeV)



### Physics case of the energy upgrades (2)

- Summary for Htt and HHH couplings
  - Other Higgs couplings benefit only marginally from high energy



• TLEP + VHE-LHC looks like a winning team

### Conclusions

- We believe TLEP to be the best complementary machine to LHC
  - Higgs properties precision measurements; Stringent test of the SM closure.
- TLEP is based on a well-known technology
  - Supported by much progress in e<sup>+</sup>e<sup>−</sup> circular factories for 20 years (and counting)
    - LEP, LEP2, (super) b factories, synchrotron light sources
  - Based on this experience, luminosity, power and cost predictions will be reliable
- It is a first step in a long-term vision for high-energy physics
  - Many synergies with VHE-LHC (pp collisions at 100 TeV)
    - Tunnel, accelerator, experiments, physics
- The design study is starting up as we speak, supported by CERN strategy
  - Join us at <a href="http://tlep.web.cern.ch">http://tlep.web.cern.ch</a>
- The goal is to have a technically-ready proposal by 2018
  - So that the community can take a fully-informed decision
    - with the LHC Run2 results at  $\sqrt{s} = 13-14$  TeV in hand
- We aim for physics in 2030